Building resilient frontend architecture

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Why do we rewrite software?



Why do we usually rewrite code?





Old libraries?

Code that negatively and repeatedly affects the speed or quality of delivery

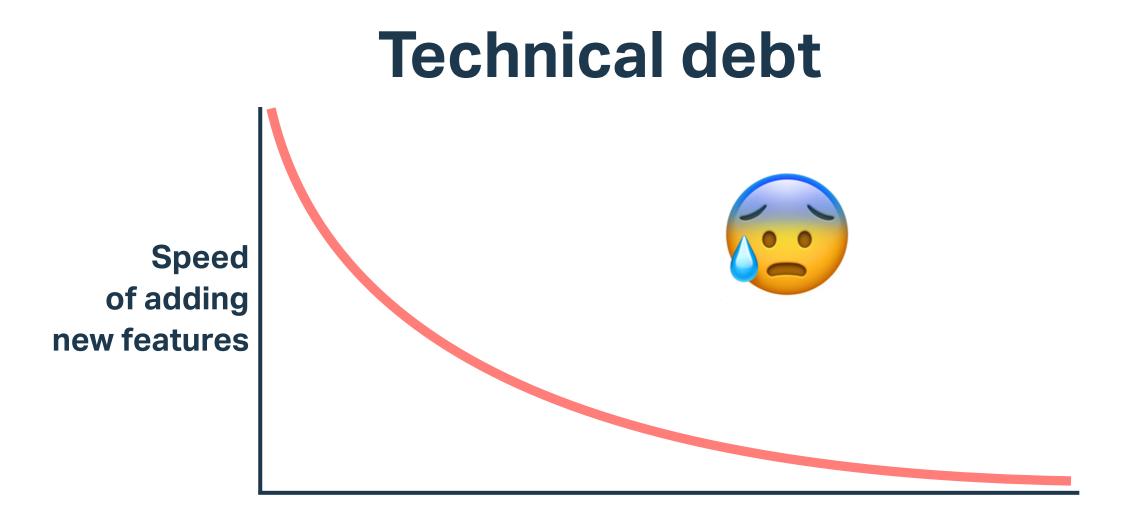
Code I didn't write?

Technical debt

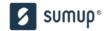
Code I wrote before I knew what I was doing?

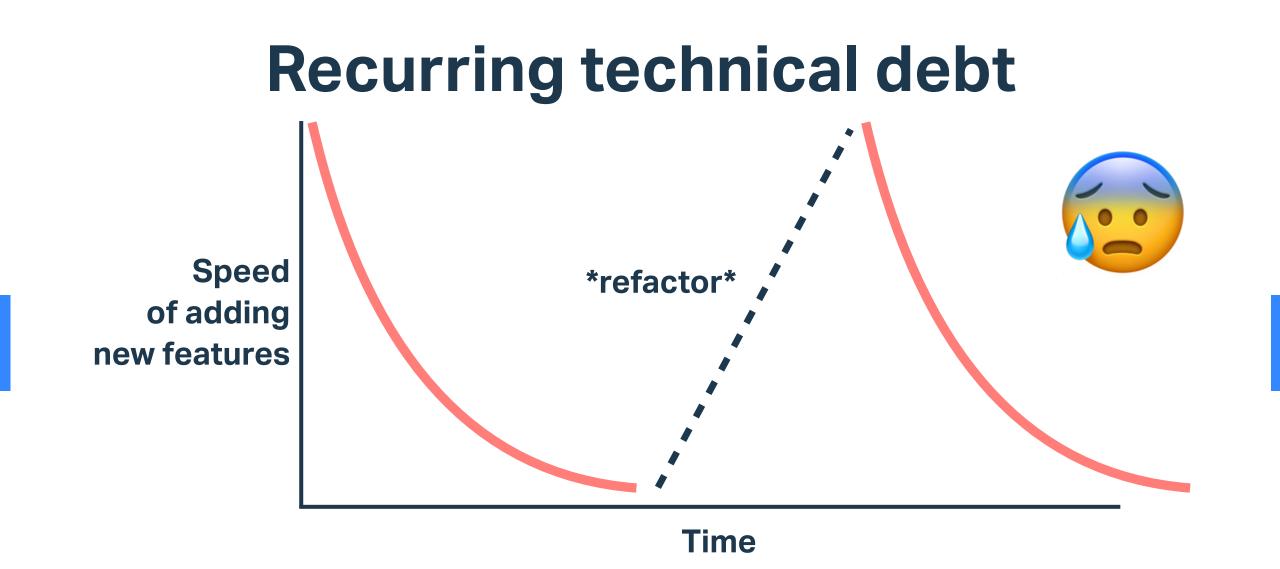
Features that no one uses





Time





Sumup°

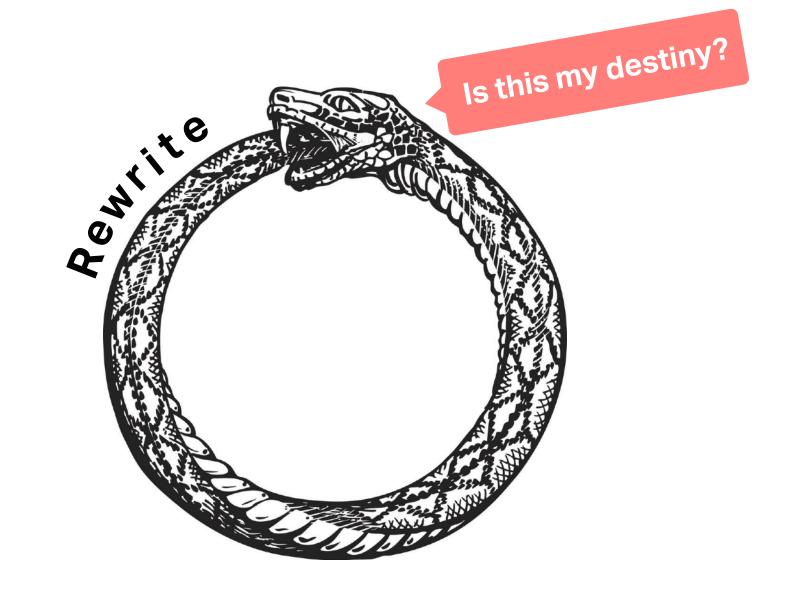
Second system effect

The tendency of small, elegant, and successful systems to be succeeded by over-engineered, bloated systems due to inflated expectations and overconfidence.



"Legacy code" often differs from its suggested alternative by actually working and scaling.

- Bjarne Stroustrup, Inventor of C++





HARD FACT

The **real cost** of software is not the initial development, but **maintenance over time**



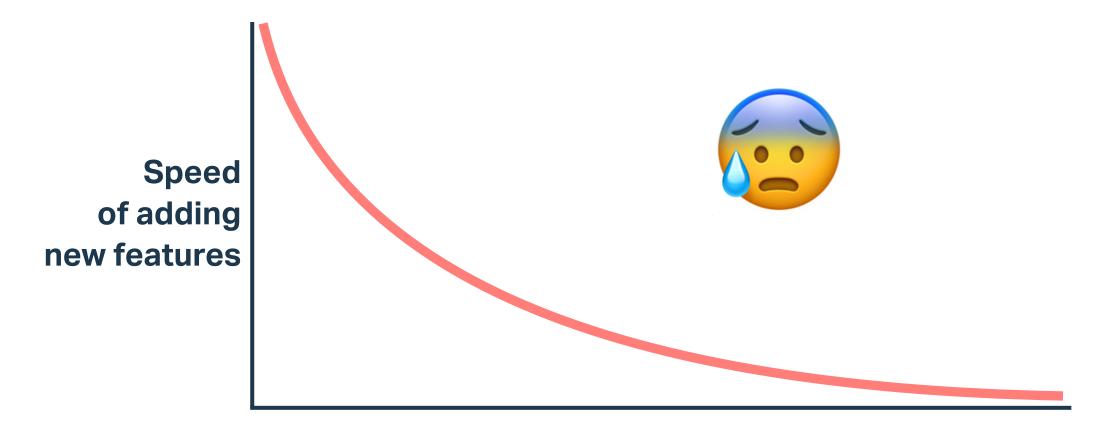
THE QUESTION IS NOT

Why do we rewrite software?



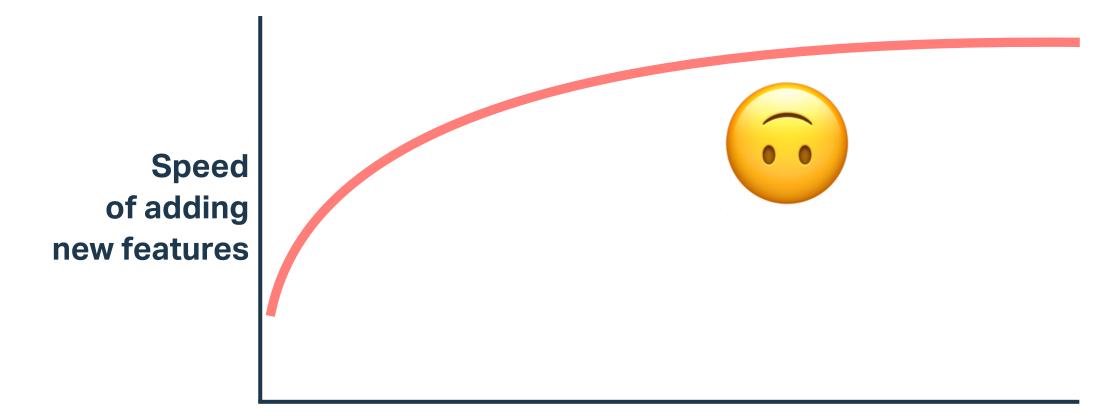
How can we make our systems more resilient to inevitable change



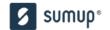








Time



How do we reach this nirvana?

"Good architecture"





Hard to spell

Feels detached from daily problems

No clear definition

Sounds elite

What does a software architect even do?

"Architecture" has become a dirty word

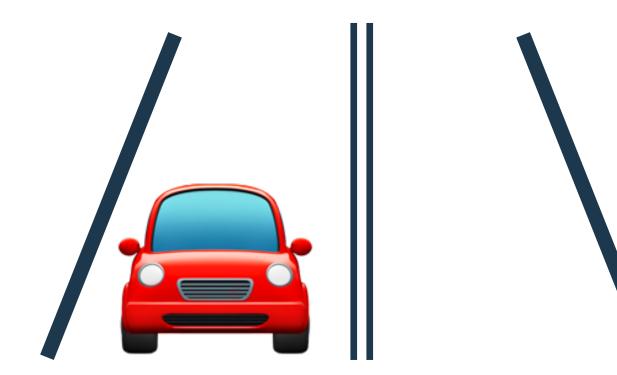


Architecture as enabling constraints

Constraints about how we use data and code that help us move faster over time



Enabling constraints in real life





Enabling constraints in Programming paradigms

Paradigm

OOP

Functional

Constraint & Enablement

From function pointers to classes→ Independently deployable subcomponents

From mutable to immutable data → Eliminate race conditions and concurrency problems



Enabling constraints in **Frontend development**

Paradigm

var → const

jQuery → React

 $CSS \rightarrow CSS-in-JS$

Constraint & Enablement

No more reassignment → **Predictable data**

No more DOM manipulation → **Predictable UI**

No more naming / side-effects → Safety and fewer global clashes



We are constraining ourselves all the time



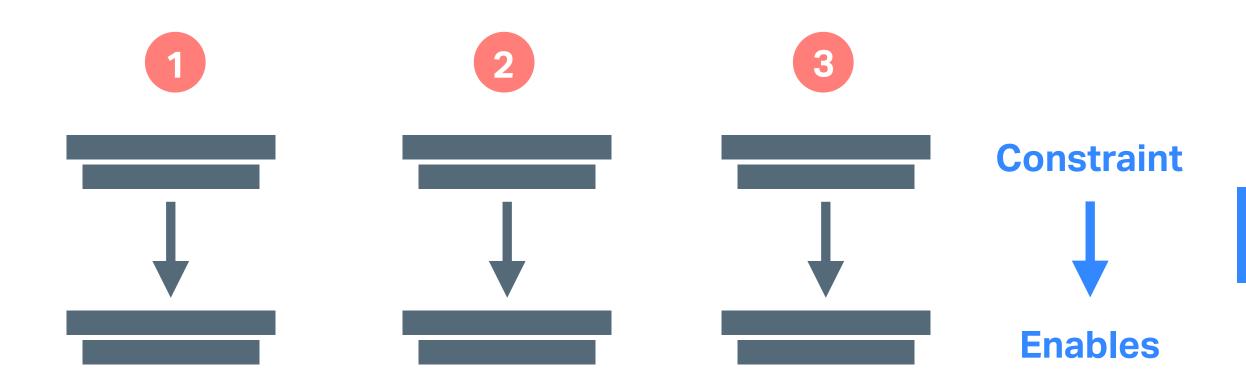
We trade constraints for safety and speed



NOT EXHAUSTIVE **3** constraints you can use today for more resilient frontend architecture

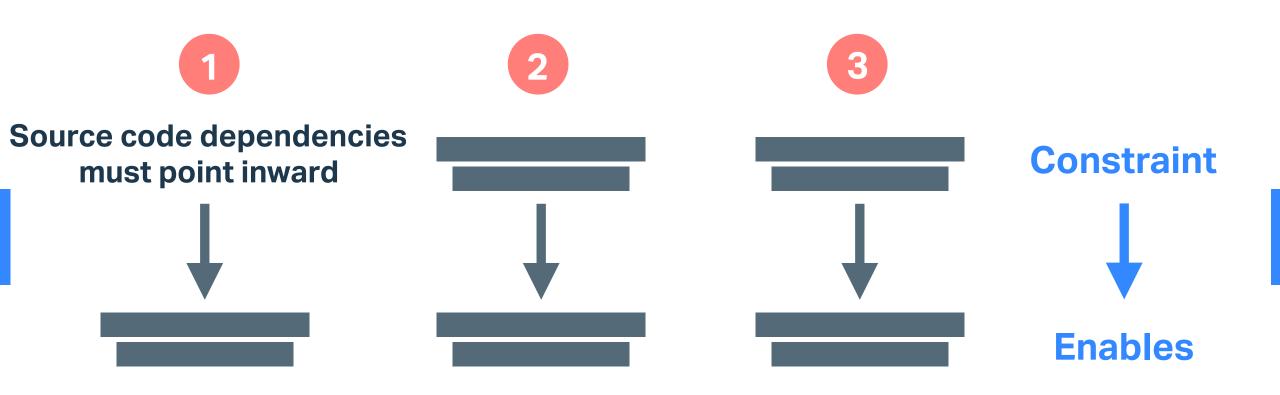


Constraints for more resilient frontend architecture



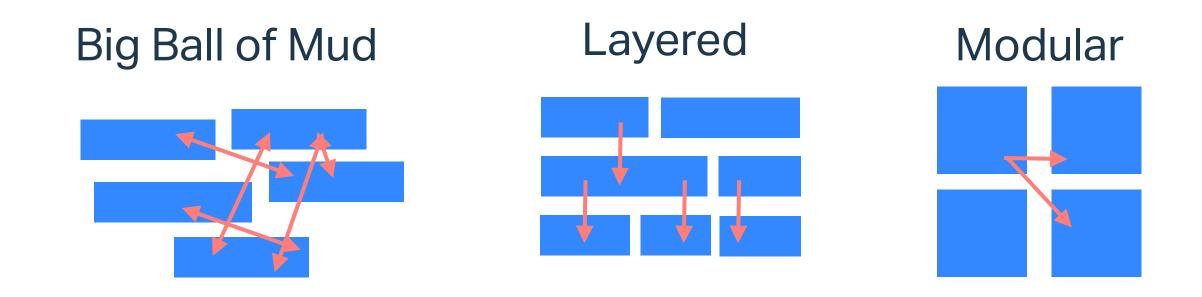


Constraints for more resilient frontend architecture

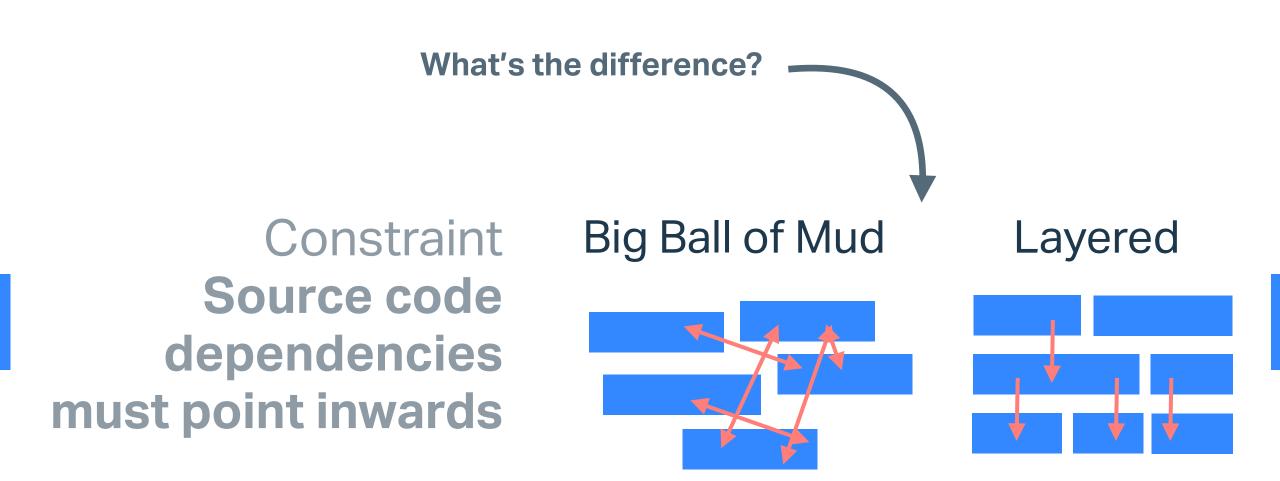




A few ways of organizing our dependencies





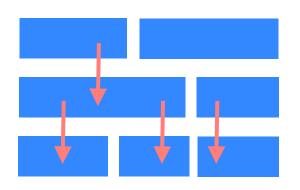


Constraint Source code dependencies must point inwards

Big Ball of Mud



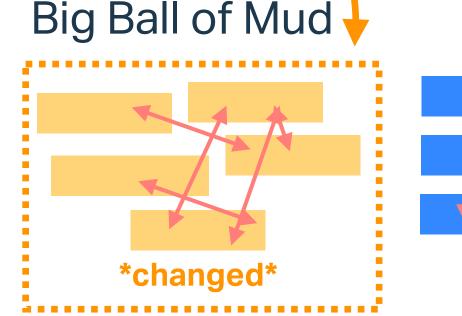






Huge or unknown regression scope Cross-team conflicts

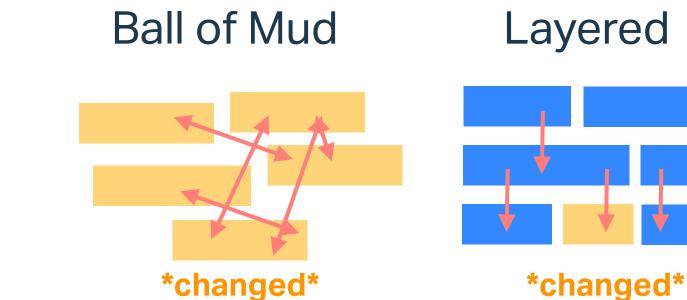
Constraint Source code dependencies must point inwards







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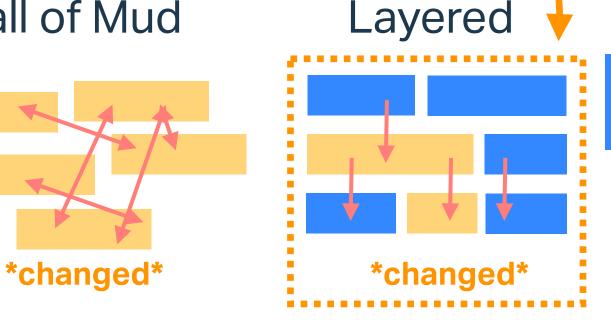






Ball of Mud

Constraint Source code dependencies must point inwards



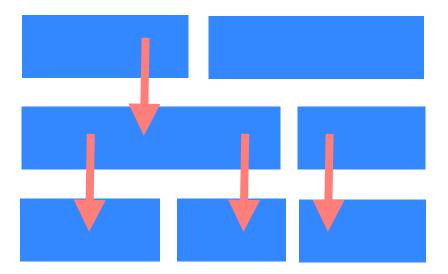


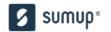
Key difference between a ball of mud and a well-organized monolith is dependency organization



Constraint

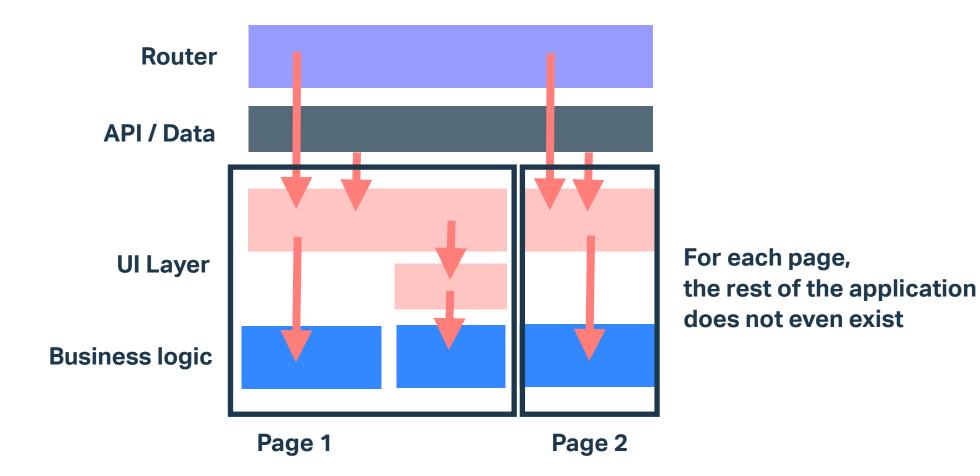
Source code dependencies must point inwards





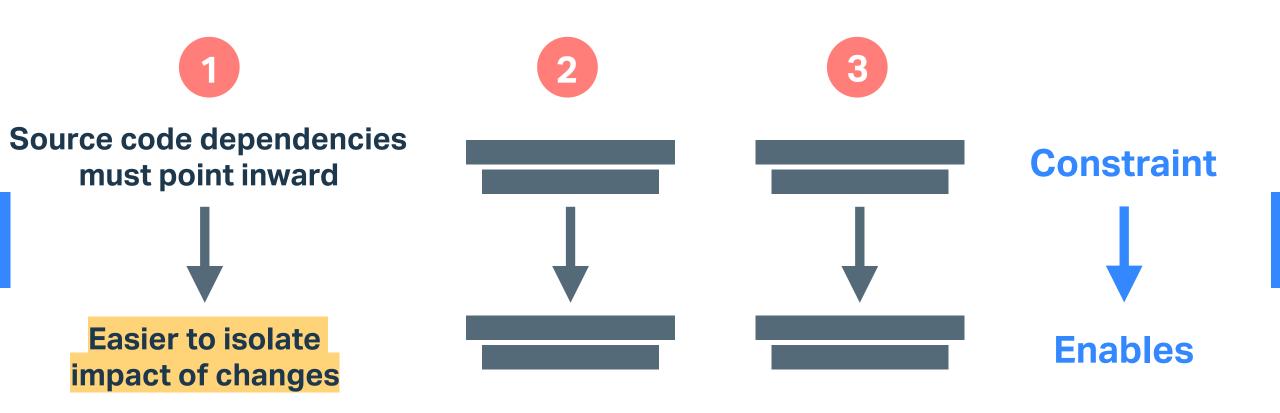
Constraint

Source code dependencies must point inwards





Constraints for more resilient frontend architecture

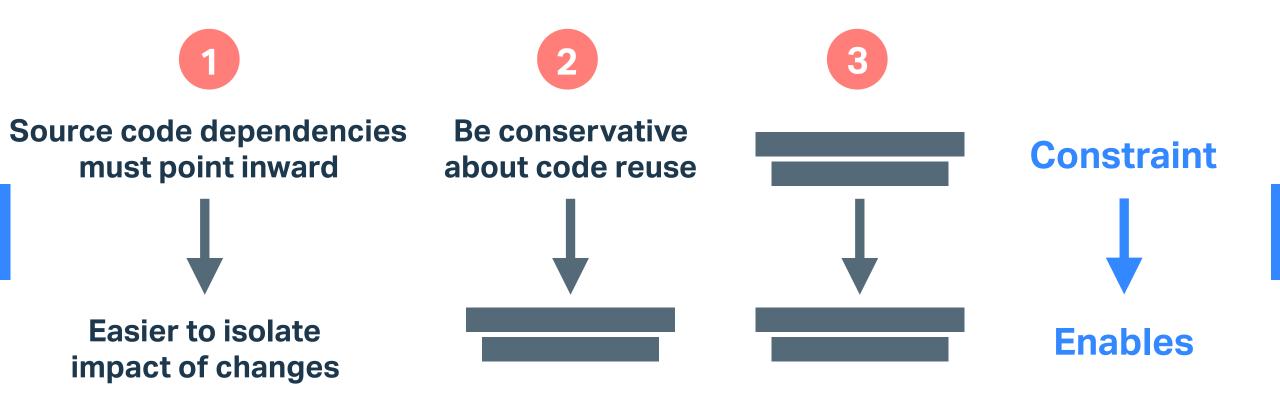




What about shared components?

Design system 🎨 🛛 -or- copy-paste 🎌



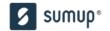




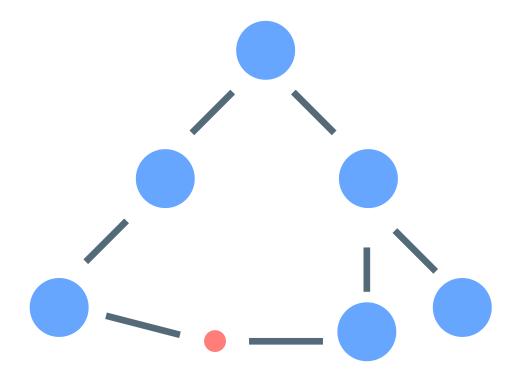
WE **V**DRY

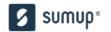


The result is often **brittle** and **side-effect ridden** code in the name of **code reuse**

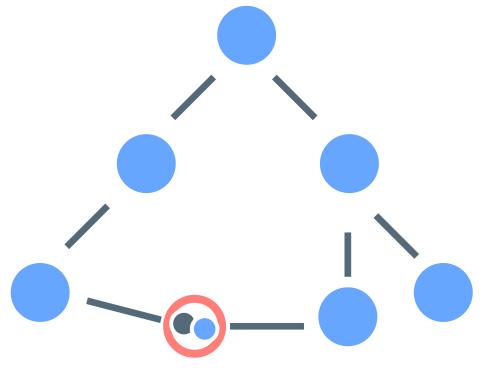


Impact of time on shared code





Impact of time on shared code

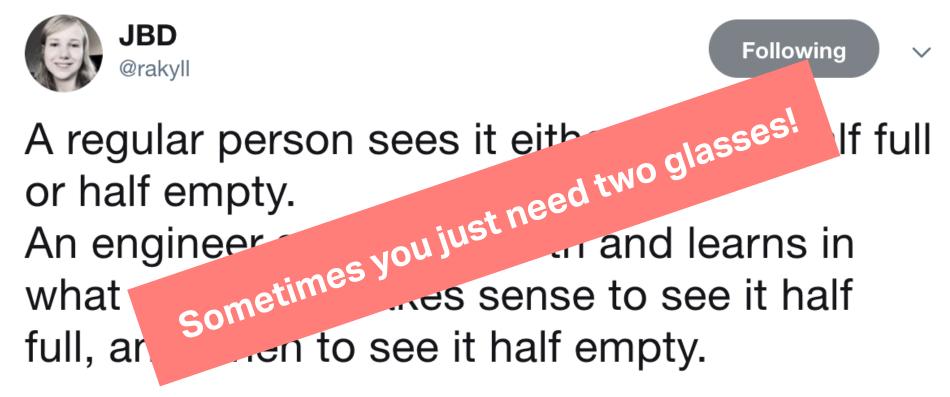


if, context, branches...



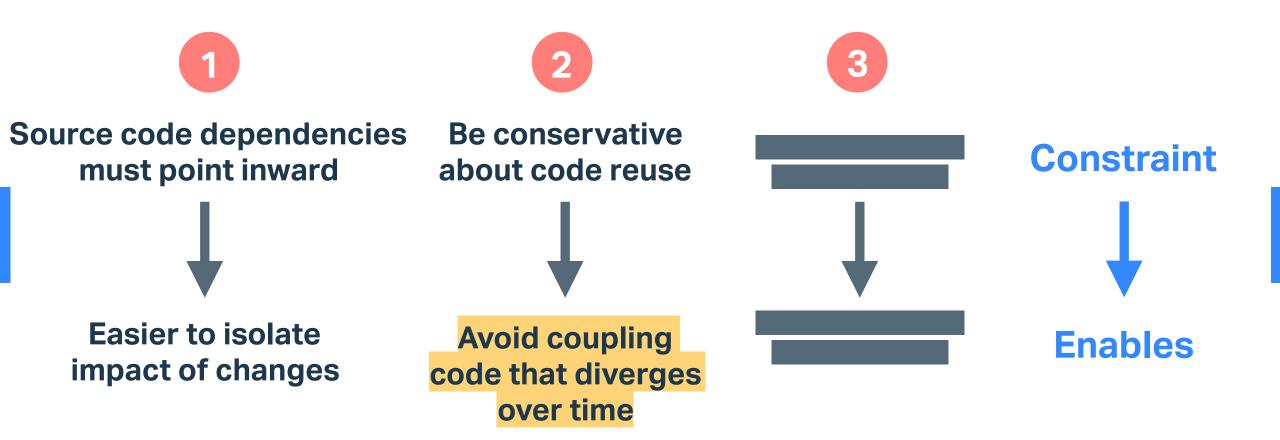
DECOUPLED > DRY Code reuse is not a goal in and of itself



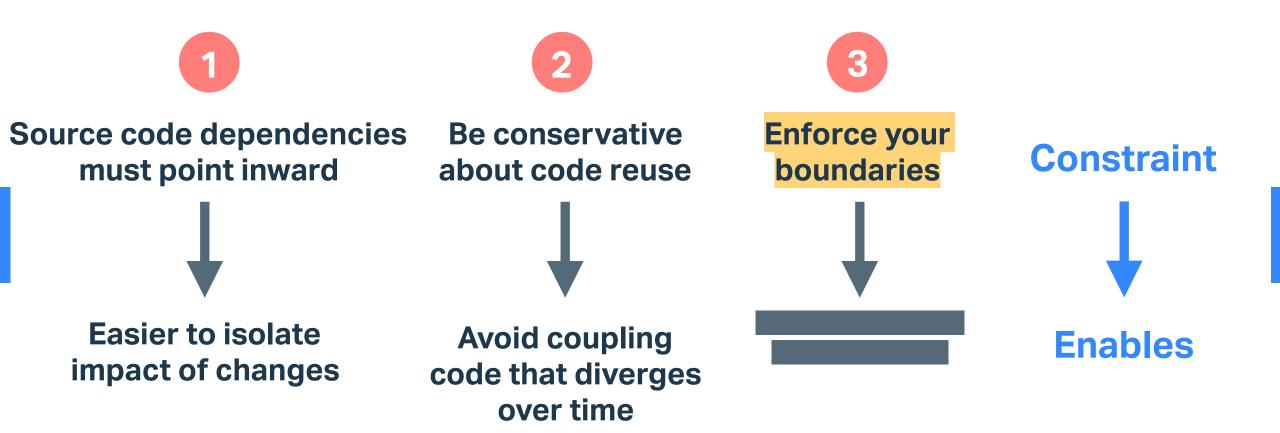


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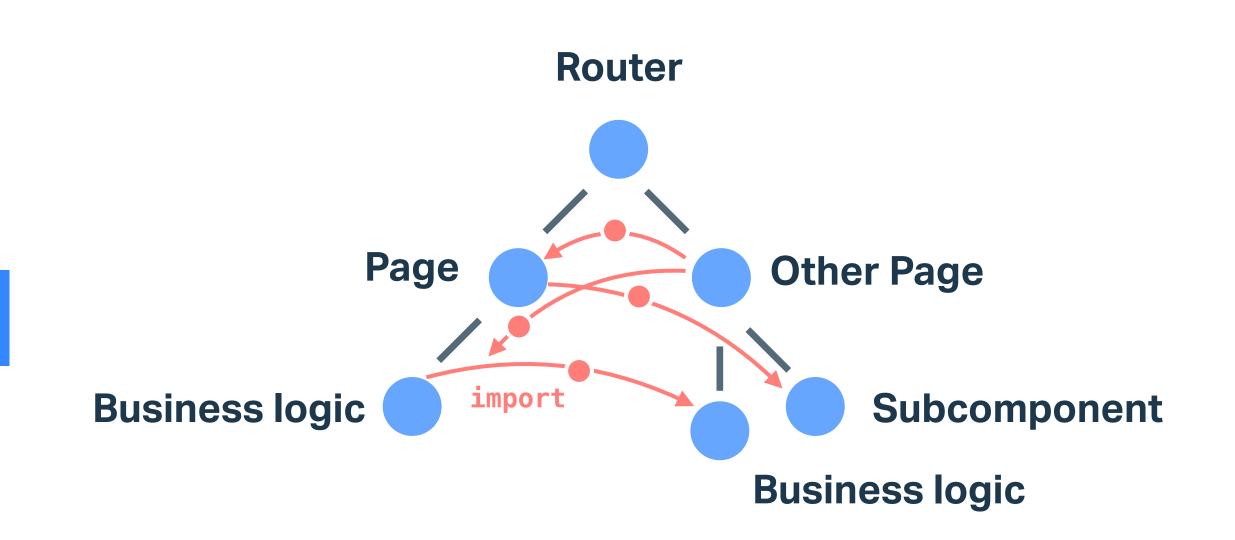




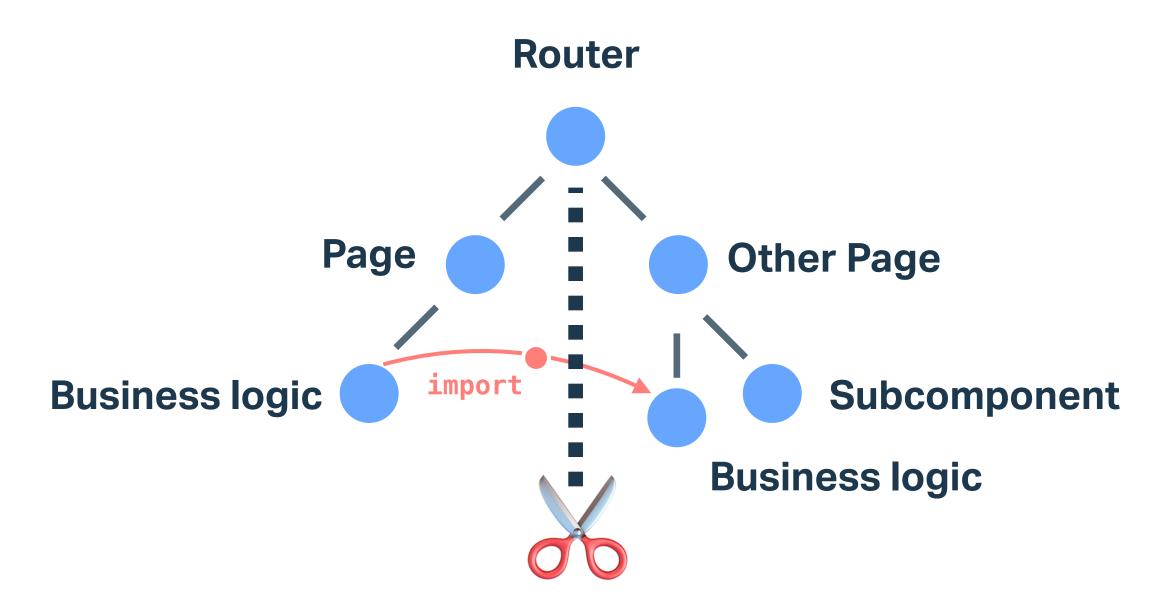




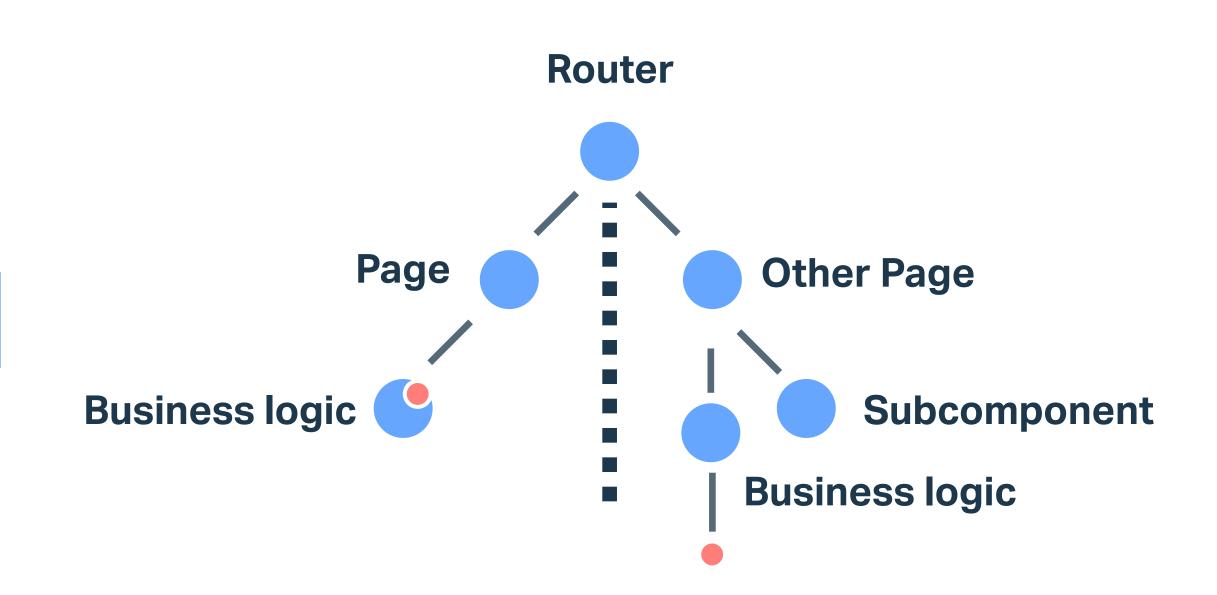




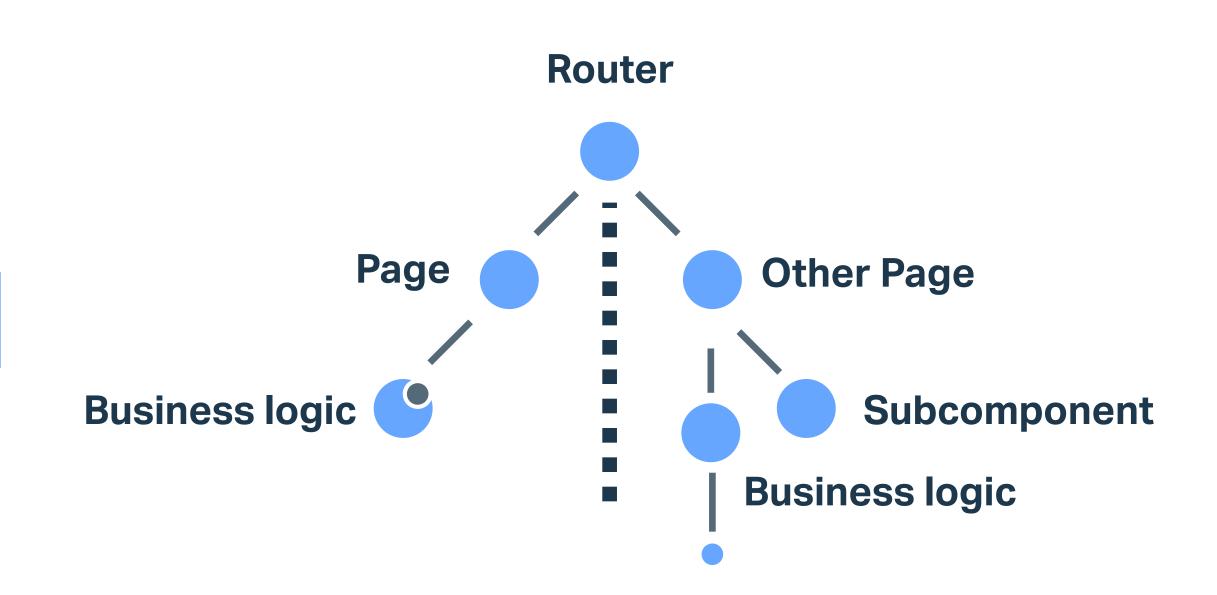






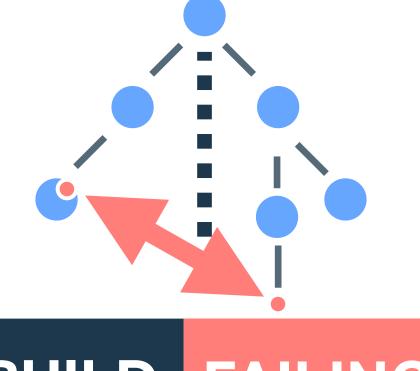








Forbidden dependency tests



BUILD FAILING

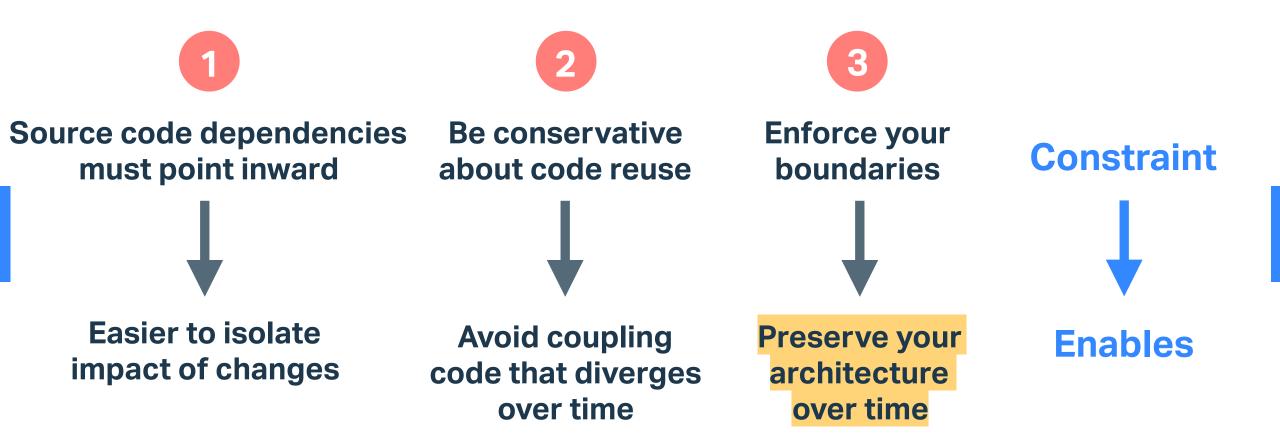


Forbidden dependency tests

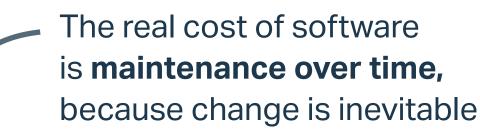


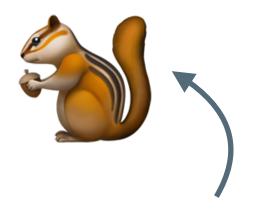
npm install ---save-dev dependency-cruiser





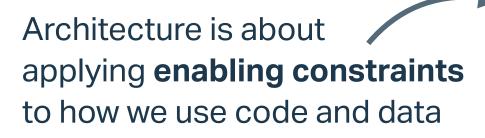








What we've learned



We can make small changes to make our projects more
resilient (1. Think directionally,
2. Be conservative on reuse,
3. Enforce our boundaries)





Every time you write a function (or don't), create a new module (or don't), you're making an architecture decision





You don't have to derive architecture from first principles





